CZECH REPUBLIC¹

REPORTING HISTORY

CEDAW Czechoslovakia:	Due	Received	Examined
<u>Initial</u>	18-Mar-83	04-Oct-84 CEDAW/C/5/Add.26 & Amend.1	12-Mar-86
<u>Second periodic</u>	18-Mar-87	16-Jun-89 CEDAW/C/13/Add.25	27-Jan-92
<u>Third periodic</u>	18-Mar-91		
Czech Republic:			
<u>Initial</u>	24-Mar-94	30-Oct-95 CEDAW/C/CZE/1	26-Jan-98
<u>Second periodic</u>	24-Mar-98	09-Mar-00 CEDAW/C/CZE/2	08-Aug-02
<u>Third periodic</u>	24-Mar-02	31-Aug-04 CEDAW/C/CZE/3	17-Aug-06
<u>Fourth periodic</u> ³	24-Mar-09 ²	23-Apr-09 CEDAW/C/CZE/4-5	14-Oct-10

<u>Fifth periodic</u>³

24-Mar-09² 23-Apr-09 14-Oct-10 CEDAW/C/CZE/4-5

Additional information

31-Oct-12⁴

Sixth periodic

31-Oct-14⁴

¹ Czechoslovakia had ratified CERD on 29 December 1966, CCPR on 23 December 1975, CCPR OP 1 on 12 March 1991, CESCR on 23 December 1975, CEDAW on 16 February 1982, CAT on 7 July 1988, CRC on 7 January 1991, and subsequently Czechoslovakia dissolved into the states of Czech Republic and Slovakia. In a letter dated 16 February 1993, the Government of the Czech Republic, as a successor state, notified the Secretary-General that it considered itself bound, as of 1 January 1993, i.e., the date of dissolution of the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic, by multilateral international treaties to which the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic was a party on that date.

 2 In its concluding observations adopted in August 2006, the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination Against Women invited the State party to submit its fourth and fifth periodic reports in a combined report in March 2009.

³ The fourth and fifth periodic reports were submitted together as one document.

⁴ In its concluding observations adopted in October 2010, the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination Against Women requested that further information be submitted within two years, and invited the State party to submit its next periodic report in October 2014.